AQA, OCR, Edexcel

GCSE

GCSE Maths

Basic Algebra Answers

Name:



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Total Marks: /39

Basic Algebra

- 1. Simplify the following expressions:
 - a. a + a + a + a = 4a
 - b. b + b + b + a + a = 2a + 3b
 - c. $b \times b \times b = b^3$
 - d. $b \times b \times b \times a = ab^3$
 - e. $3a^2 + 2a = a(3a + 2)$
 - f. $3x^2 \times 2x^2 = 6x^4$
 - g. $3xy \times x = 3x^2y$
 - h. $xy \times y^2 x^4 = x^5 y^3$
 - i. $2x \times 3x \times 4 = 24x^2$

(9 Marks)

- 2. Expand the following:
 - a. 2(3a+1) = 6a + 2
 - b. 3(2a+6) = 6a + 18
 - c. $5(a^2 + 9) = 5a^2 + 45$
 - d. $7(a^6 + y^2) = 7a^6 + 7y^2$
 - e. $6a(a+4) = 6a^2 + 24a$
 - f. $5a(2a + 4y) = 10a^2 + 20ay$
 - g. $5a(3ay + 2a^2) = 15a^2y + 10a^3$

(7 Marks)

3. Simplify the following quotients:

a.
$$\frac{20x^4}{5x} = 4x^3$$

b.
$$\frac{15y^3}{5y^{-2}} = 3y^5$$

c.
$$\frac{(4x^2y^4)}{(2x^2y)} = 2y^3$$

(3 Marks)

4. Solve the following equations:

a.
$$2x + 7 = 47$$
 $x = 20$

b.
$$5x + 18 = 48$$
 $x = 6$

c.
$$3x - 12 = 18$$
 $x = 10$

d.
$$6x - 12 = 2x + 16$$
 $x = 7$

e.
$$10x + 50 = 5x + 25$$
 $x = -5$

f.
$$4x^2 - 10 = 26$$
 $x = -3$ and $x = 3$

g.
$$5y + 3y + y = 4y + 5$$
 $y = 1$

h.
$$2x - 5x + 2 = -3 - 2x$$
 $x = 5$

i.
$$2 + 4y^2 = y^2 + 14$$
 $y = -2$ and $y = 2$

j.
$$\frac{3x^2}{9} = 3$$
 $x = -3$ and $x = 3$

(20 Marks)